### **CHAPTER V**

### CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

### A. Conclusion

This study was a morphological analysis that focused on types and forms of compounding words that found in four lifestyle articles that published on January 2019. To analyze the types of compound words, the writer has referred to the theory from Lieber. In her theory, she has divided up into three types, they were attributive, coordinative, and subordinative compounds. Lieber also divided those types into kinds of compound such as endocentric and exocentric compounds.

From the four lifestyle articles that the writer has selected, she has found that there were nineteen compound words as attributive; and one compound word as coordinative; the last, ten compound words as subordinative. From all compound words that found, the types of compound words have dominated by attributive compound which percentage in 63.33%; furthermore, based on the writer analysis, the endocentric compound was dominated which related to the three of compound words' types such as attributive, coordinative, and subordinative.

For the forms of compound words, the writer has referred to the theory from O'Grady. He said that there were three ways in forming a compound, such as open, hyphenated, and solid. Furthermore, for the forms of compound words, the writer has found fourteen compound words that formed by open; and seven

compound words that formed by hyphenated; then, nine compound words that formed by solid. From those data, the form of compound words was dominated by open compound which percentage in 46.66%.

In addition, the compound word was not only about the combination of two words then they create new meaning. But, there were types and forms of compound words to make the learner easier to understand the meaning and the formation of them.

## **B.** Pedagogical Implication

Morphological analysis was the same purpose as the other science; it was to increase the learner's understanding, and to develop the knowledge of it broadly. Because, in Morphology was not only about affixation, but there was compounding. Furthermore, as one of the branches of Linguistic, Morphology, especially on compounding; it will be supported the learner to increase their knowledge of how the words create new meaning when the two of words combined. Moreover, this research can be the tool as an example in analyzing compounding in the articles and it help the lecturer of Linguistic to expand the explanation of word formation process on compounding. Beside that, when this era increasingly, the research paper or on a journal, will be more interesting to read and become a reference.

# C. Suggestion

Through this study, some suggestions are revealed by the writer, and hoped this study will be useful for as follows:

- 1. For the university, this study might become the meaningful files as a reference in accomplishing students' task.
- 2. For the lecturers, this study hopefully will be the part of the writer's contribution to help the lecturers in teaching Morphology.
- For the students, this study is the writer's prospect to help them more curious in learning the word formation of compounding words at Morphology.

The writer hopes these suggestions could help as the reference of their study, and research. Especially the future researcher in the State Islamic University of SultanMaulana Hasanuddin Banten to be better way.